

Ancient Traps for Avoid Insecticides

Gamini Ranasinghe

Department of History and Archaeology, University of Sri Jayewardenepura

The use of insecticide is appearing as very complicated national issue at the present. At least last two decades, insecticide became a very popular topic to the media and political sector. Millions of rupees was spent by the government and NGOs to solve the new kidney disease which was created by insecticide. There were many diabetes, researches, opinions and policies to solve the burning matter. New law and regulation was introduced to limit the use of insecticide. However the effort taken by various parties the problem is the same place where it was born. The kidney patients were increased and the distribution of the disease recorded from over the island. Now the disease became a crisis for the Sri Lankan society. The critical situation can be analysed with ancient land use and food style. The ancient famers followed many methods to protect the harvest from the insects. Now is the time to read the methods which used by ancient famers in Sri Lanka to avoid insects from the farm without using harmful chemicals. According to the field research which was covered the island, there were found several environment friendly traps that can be used to control and avoid insects from the harvest. The oil plate, lamps, tree glue, and secret treatments were used by ancient famers in Sri Lanka for healthy lifestyle. All the materials that used to the traditional traps are eco-friendly and very low cost as well as healthy and no side effects.

Keywords: *Insects, Insecticide, Traps*